By the KINGS Maieſtie,

Were Accuſed with ſeven

ARTICLES

Of High Treaſon theſe worthy Members in the houſe of Commons in Parliament, Munday *Ian.* 3. 1641.

Viz.

The Lord *Kimbolton.*
Mr. *John Pym* Eſquire.
Denzill Hollis Eſquire.
John Hambden Eſquire.
Sir *Arthur Haſlerigge* Kt.
William Strowde Eſquire.

London, Printed for *John Thomas*, 1641.

By the KING'S Majestie

ARTICLES

Of High Treason,

and other misdemeanours against the Lord *Kimbolton*, Mr. *Pym*, *John Hampden*, *Denzill Hollis*, Sir. *Arthur Haslerigge*, and *William Strowde*, being all Members of the House of Commons.

I.

That they have traiterously endeavoured to subvert the Fundamentall Laws and Government of this Kingdome, and deprive the King of his Legall power, and to place on Subjects an Arbitrary and tyrannicall power.

II. They

II.

That they have endeavoured by many foule aſperſions upon his Majeſty and his Government to alienate the affections of his people, and to make his Majeſtie odious to them.

III.

That they have endeavoured to draw his Majeſties late Army to diſobedience to his Majeſties command, and to ſide with them in their Trayterous deſignes.

IIII.

That they have Trayterouſly invited and encouraged a forraigne power to invade his Majeſties Kingdome of *England*.

V.

That they haue Traiterouſly endeavoured to Subvert the very Rights, and Beings of Parliaments.

VI.

That for the Compleating of their Trayterous deſignes, they haue endeavoured as farre as in them lay, by Force, and Terror, to

to compell the Parliament to ioyne with them in their trayterous Designes, and to that end, haue actually rayſed, and countenanced Tumults againſt the King and Parliament.

VII.

That they haue trayterouſly conſpired to Leavie, and actually haue Leavied warre againſt the King.

THe Herald at Armes that brought this charge from his Maieſty, for the accuſation of theſe members of the houſe of Commons, of high Treaſon, did afterwards go unto their lodgings & chambers and broke open their ſtudies, taking away all writings and notes he found there.

After this their accuſation of high Treaſon the reſt of the members of the houſe of Commons did Bayle them, proffering to be bound for them, body for body, whereupon they were not committed, but onely ſequeſtered from the houſe, Munday *Ian*, 3. 1641.

The next day being Tueſday, many of the Cittizens of London hearing this newes did ſhut up their ſhops, fearing ſome Inſurrections would enſue upon this occaſion of diſaſter in in the Parliament houſe.

Propo-

Propositions from the *Scottish* Commissioners, to the Commons of *England*.

THat we would rise and transport at our owne charges 10000 men out of *Scotland* into *Ireland* to manifest our brotherly affection to the Crown of *England*.

2. We desire to have 300000 pounds advanced for our brotherly assistance, because we are so much behind hand with our Souldiers of their old pay, that they will not bee willing to enter into any new employment before they be satisfied their arreares.

3. Wee desire that for those Armes and Ammunition which we should send with our 10000 men into *Ireland* we might have the same number of Armes and quantity of Ammunition sent from *England* hither, there to lye depositted till our owne armes shall be returned, and we will put in security to returne your armes safe again into *England*, deducting onely from them so many as shall be lost in this imployment.

4. That they would take order for a certaine number of shipping which might bee ready

ready betweene the Jrish and Scottish Coast to secure the passing of men thither, and that they should lye there constantly from time to time to bring in victuals, amunition or supply to our men whensoeuer, they should require it as also to secure their retreat if need should be.

5 That to every Thousand Foote you would allow one Hundred Horse and that those Horse should from time to time receiue their Commands from our Generall.

6 That whereas you have left the pay wholly to us both of Commanders and Souldiers, we have not done any thing therein but doe referre it wholly to your propositions hoping you will not give our men lesse then your owen, and more we would not have, but will be contented with such a proportion as you would to your owne.

FINIS.